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APPLICATION N	0.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/087,706		02/28/2002	Yuqun Zeng	12113/46002 7984 EXAMINER		
26646	7590	09/09/2004				
KENYO	N & KI	ENYON	PATEL, ISHWARBHAI B			
ONE BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10004				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	, -··			2841		
				DATE MAILED: 09/09/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/087,706	ZENG, YUQUN	JQUN				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	ال-م				
	Ishwar (I. B.) Patel	2827	Hr.				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 Ap	oril 2002.						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	•						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 28 February 2002 is/are	e: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ objecte	d to by the Examir	ner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PT	O-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been receive	ed in this National	Stage				
application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.					
Attachment(s)			`				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	-					
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)         Paper No(s)/Mail Date     </li> </ol>	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		)-152)				
		<del></del>					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Drawings**

- 1. The drawings are objected to because:
- (a) The figures are improperly cross hatched. All of the parts shown in section, and only those parts, must be cross-hatched. The cross-hatching patterns should be selected from those shown on page 600-114/115 of the MPEP based on the material of the part. See also 37 CFR 1.84(h)(3) and MPEP § 608.02.
- (b) Figure 3, shows two areas marked as "A" and "B", but are not described anywhere in the specification.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will

Art Unit: 2827

be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

## Claim Objections

2. Claim 1 objected to because of the following informalities: "ESD" used first time in the claims should be fully spelled out. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kawakami et al. Japanese Patent Publication No. 02-174289.

Regarding claim 1, Kawakami et al., discloses an electrically

Art Unit: 2827

conductive copper trace (2, see figure) provided on base (1), and an insulating layer (4) coated on copper trace (2); wherein a dissipative coating layer (5) is applied on the top of said insulation layer (4).

Regarding claim 4, Kawakami et al., further discloses exposed bonding pad area (3).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawakami et al., as applied to claims 1 and 4 above, and further in view of Remington, US Patent No. 5,350,228.

Application/Control Number: 10/087,706

Art Unit: 2827

Regarding claim 2, the applicant is claiming the surface resistivity of said dissipative coating layer ranges about 10^4 –10^11  $\Omega$  /  $\Box$ .

Kawakami et al., fails disclose the surface resistivity of said dissipative coating layer.

Remington discloses an electrostatic discharge protective coating (figure 2, electrostatic dissipative paint) with a thickness of 0.7 to 0.9 mils (column 4, line 65) and surface resistivity of about 10^6-10^10 ohm, (column 4, line 30-40) to have protection against static electricity.

Further, it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to provide the dissipative coating of Kawakami et al., with a surface resistivity as claimed, as taught by Remington, in order to have desired protection from the static electricity.

Regarding claim 3, the modified structure of Kawakami et al., further discloses a thickness of dissipative coating in the range between 0.7 mils to 0.9 mils, as applied to claim 2 above, which is within the claimed range of 5-100 µm.

7. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawakami et al., Japanese Patent Publication No. 02-174289, as applied to claims 1

Art Unit: 2827

and 4 above, and further in view of Annis et al., US Patent No. 5,436,803 and Takami et al., US Patent No. 5,245,613.

Regarding claims 5, the applicant is claiming said dissipative coating applied to all connecting cables of ESD sensitive devices.

Kawakami et al. discloses dissipative layer applied to the circuit patterns, but fails to disclose any cable connected to the board connecting other devices.

Cables connected to a board for various input / out put signal is known in the art.

Annis et al., discloses conductive wires connected to a circuit board, see figure 1.

Takami et al., discloses cable 17 connected to motherboard.

A person of ordinary skill in the art would recognize the advantage of providing antistatic coating to cable connection to have protection against static electricity during the manufacturing process / assembly or during the use of the device.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to provide connecting cables to the board of Kawakami et al., for input / out put signals of various devices, as taught by Annis et al. and Takami et al. and to coat those cable connections with the dissipative coating, in order to have the protection against static electricity generated during assembly or operation.

### **Conclusion**

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Application/Control Number: 10/087,706 Page 7

Art Unit: 2827

Frederickson et al., US Patent No. 5,160,374.

Yang

US Patent No. 6,136,734.

Dodsworth

US Patent No. 6,459,043

Fahey et al.

US Patent No. 6,740,410.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ishwar (I. B.) Patel whose telephone number is (571) 272 1933. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:30 - 5:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kamand Cuneo can be reached on (571) 272 1957. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

I B Patel Examiner Art Unit: 2841 September 1, 2004

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800